## Errata – til Kari Hansen Bergs ph.d.-avhandling.

Chapter 2 should read:

## 2 Aims of the study

The overall aim of this thesis was to examine the impact of health status on sexual activity and sexual QOL in male and female patients with axSpA.

In Paper I (a cross-sectional study) the aim was to explore the relationship between demographic and disease-related variables and the perceived effect of health status on sexual activity in patients with axSpA and answer the following specific research questions:

* What is the proportion of patients with axSpA reporting their health status to be associated with sexual activity?
* Are there differences between men and women living with axSpA reporting their health status to be associated with sexual activity?
* To what degree are demographic data, disease-related variables, HRQOL, and treatment associated with sexual activity?

In Paper II (a cross-sectional study) the aim was to examine the relationship between demographics, disease-related variables, treatment, and sexual QOL in men and women with axSpA and to answer the following specific research questions:

* To what degree are demographics, disease-related variables, and treatment associated with sexual QOL?
* Are there differences between men and women living with axSpA reporting their health status to be associated with sexual QOL?

In Paper III (a prospective cohort study with a 5-year follow-up) the aim was to explore whether a follow-up would reveal long-term changes in perception of sexual QOL in male and female patients with axSpA and to answer the following specific research questions:

* Does sexual QOL change in the examined patients with axSpA over a 5-year period?
* Are there differences between men and women living with axSpA reporting health and disease-related variables to be associated with sexual QOL, at a 5-year follow-up?
* To what degree are demographics, disease-related variables, and treatment associated with sexual QOL, at a 5-year follow-up?